

# Affordable ABA

## Function-Based Reinforcement and Punishment Procedures for Challenging Behaviors

### 1. How do motivating operations pertain to a functional analysis?

- A. They can signal a specified reinforcer for a challenging behavior
  - B. They can determine the consequence that is delivered after the occurrence of a challenging behavior
  - C. They can increase or decrease an individual's motivation for a specific reinforcer
  - D. They can determine which condition will have the highest response rates
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### 2. Which intervention allows for the delivery of a functional reinforcer that is contingent on an appropriate communication response and also allows the individual to acquire frequent reinforcement through this communication response?

- A. Noncontingent reinforcement
  - B. Functional-communication training
  - C. Response cost
  - D. Overcorrection
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### 3. When NCR is initially implemented, what type of schedule is used?

- A. Dense
  - B. Intermittent
  - C. Response based
  - D. Variable ratio
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### 4. What term is known as an increase in responding as a result of the removal of a stimulus that is contingent on a specific response?

- A. Positive punishment
  - B. Positive reinforcement
  - C. Negative punishment
  - D. Negative reinforcement
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### 5. Rocking, hand flapping, or lining up objects are some behaviors that may be maintained by which of the following?

- A. Automatic reinforcement
- B. Social negative reinforcement

- C. Social positive reinforcement
  - D. Access to attention
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**6. What type of assessment identifies preferred stimuli that align with high levels of interaction and low levels of challenging behavior?**

- A. Paired choice preference assessment
  - B. Trial-based preference assessment
  - C. Competing-stimulus assessment
  - D. Single stimulus assessment
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**7. What is known as the implementation of brief physical contact in an effort to prevent a response from occurring?**

- A. Physical restraint
  - B. Response blocking
  - C. Movement suppression time out
  - D. Overcorrection
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**8. What intervention discussed has produced effects that are inconsistent and with increases, decreases, or no change occurring with the challenging behavior?**

- A. Contingent exercise
  - B. Negative practice
  - C. Contingent demands
  - D. Overcorrection
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**9. What procedures are considered the least restrictive punishment procedures mentioned?**

- A. Nonexclusionary time out and response cost
  - B. Exclusionary time out and overcorrection
  - C. Nonexclusionary time out and functional-communication training
  - D. Exclusionary time out and response cost
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**10. Which response is not listed as a positive punishment procedure?**

- A. Verbal reprimand
  - B. Response blocking
  - C. Functional-communication training
  - D. Physical restraint
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